allele	Different forms:
al / lele	Of a gene.

biodiversity All the different species of organisms on earth or within an ecosystem bi / o / di / ver / si / ty

	Breeding animals in:
captive breeding	Human controlled environments
cap / tive breed / ing	

	Thread like structure containing:
chromosome (s)	Tightly coiled DNA
	Contains many genes.
chro / mo / somes	

	When two or more living things
competition	Struggle against each other to get the same resource.
com / pe / ti / tion	

conservation	Protecting a natural environment:
	To ensure habitats aren't lost.
con / ser / va / tion	

	A molecule found in:
DNA	Nucleus of cells
	Contains genetic material.

dominant (allele)	Will always be: Expressed if it is present.
dom / i / nant al / lele	

endangered species Small numbers of organisms left in the world. en / dan / gered spe / cies

evolution	Theory that animal and plant species living today:
	Descended from species that existed in the past.
e / vo / lu / tion	

extinct	When no more individuals of a species: Remain anywhere in the world.
ex / tinct	Remain any where in the world.

	A section of DNA that:
gene	Determines an inherited characteristic.

inherited characteristic(s)

Features that are:

Passed from parents to their offspring.

in / her / i / ted char /ac / ter / is / tics

mutation

Change to DNA

That can cause disease.

mu / ta / tion

natural selection

Process by which species change over time in response to

nat / u / ral se / lec / tion

competition for resources.

Organisms with characteristics most suited to environment survive and reproduce, passing on their genes.

punnett square

Diagram used to show:

Environmental changes and

Possible combinations of alleles, inherited from parents.

pun / nett square

	Will only be expressed if:
recessive	Two copies are present.
re / ces / sive	