## The Piggott School: Charvil Primary



'Go and do Likewise' Luke 10:25, -37 The Parable of the Good Samaritan We live with love and compassion, seeking help in times of need

## **Curriculum Map: Computing Year 1**

	Autumn 1 Computing systems and networks – Technology around us	Autumn 2 Creating media – Digital painting	Spring 1 Creating media – Digital writing	Spring 2 Data and information – Grouping data	Summer 1 Programming A – Moving a Robot	Summer 2 Programming B – Introduction to animation
Content Declarative Knowledge 'I know'	*Technology is something that can help us  *Examples of technology and how they help us  *Know that choices are made when using technology  *Know why rules are needed when using technology and give examples of these rules	*Know computers can be used to make art *Know what different freehand tools do	*recognise that a keyboard is used to enter text into a computer *recognise that the Shift key changes the output of a key *recognise that text can be changed *recognise that text can be edited *recognise that the appearance of text can be changed *consider the impact of choices made	*know that objects can be counted *recognise that information can be presented in different ways	*know what a Bee- bot is *know what commands a Bee-bot can enact	*know what ScratchJr is *know what a sprite is *know what a background is
<b>Skills</b> Procedural Knowledge 'I know how to'	*choose a piece of technology to do a job *recognise that some technology can be used in different ways	*use shape and line tools to when precision is needed *use a range of paint colours *use the fill tool *use the undo button	*use letter, number, and Space keys to enter text into a computer *use punctuation and special characters	*identify some attributes of an object *collect simple data *show that collected data can be counted	*enact a given word *predict the outcome of a command on a device *list which commands can be used on a given device	*enact a given word *predict the outcome of a command on a device *list which commands can be used on a given device

	*identify the main parts of a computer	*use a range of tools to create a final piece	*use Backspace key to remove text	*describe the properties of an	*run a command on a floor robot	*run a command on a floor robot
	*use a mouse in different ways		*position the text cursor in a chosen	object *group objects to	*choose a command for a given purpose	*choose a command for a given purpose
	*use a keyboard to type and edit		location *use Undo	answer questions *explain that objects	*choose a series of words/commands	*choose a series of words/commands
	*show how to use		*choose options to	can be grouped by	that can be enacted	that can be enacted
	technology safely		achieve a desired effect	similarities (attribute) *describe a group of	as a program *build a sequence of	as a program *build a sequence of
			*select text	objects (based on	commands in steps	commands in steps
			*change the	commonality)	*combine commands	*combine commands
			appearance of text	*choose an attribute	in a program	in a program
			on a computer	to group objects by	*run a program on a device	*run a program on a device
Vocabulary	technology, computer, mouse, trackpad, keyboard, screen, double-click, typing	paint program, tool, paintbrush, erase, fill, undo, shape tools, line tool, fill tool, undo tool, colour, brush style, brush size, pictures, painting, computers	word processor, keyboard, keys, letters, type, numbers, space, backspace, text cursor, capital letters, toolbar, bold, italic, underline, mouse, select, font, undo, redo, format, compare, typing, writing.	object, label, group, search, image, property, colour, size, shape, value, data set, more, less, most, fewest, least, the same	Bee-Bot, forwards, backwards, turn, clear, go, commands, instructions, directions, left, right, route, plan, algorithm, program.	ScratchJr, command, sprite, compare, programming, area, block, joining, start, run, program, background, delete, reset, algorithm, predict, effect, change, value, instructions, design.
Key Questions	What is technology? How does it help us in our everyday lives? What are the components of a computer? Why do we have rules when using technology?	What is digital painting? How can we create our own digital paintings?	How can a computer help us to create and change text? What are the differences between using a computer and writing on paper to create text?	What are data? What is information? How can labels be used to put objects into groups? How many objects are in that group?	What is a command? What does each Beebot command do? Can you predict the outcome of this program? What is an algorithm?	What is ScratchJr? What is a sprite? What is a background? How can I use programming blocks to use, modify and create programs?
Assessment	Self-assessment in every lesson with success criteria for each lesson Observations by teacher					

Cross Curricular	E-safety/digital	Art and Design:	English: writing	Maths: vocabulary,	Individual liberty: pupils are given freedom to
Links/Character	citizenship –	digital art, Mondrian,	E-safety: privacy and	properties of shape	experiment with creating programs
Education	copyright and	Matisse, Kadinsky	security – giving	Digital citizenship:	
	ownership – being		reasons why I should	copyright and	
	able to name work so		only share	ownership – being	
	others know it		information with	able to name work so	
	belongs to me; online		people I know and	others know it	
	– well-being –		trust	belongs to me	
	understanding				
	importance of rules				
	to keep us safe				